



(Time: 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m.)

SATSANG PRARAMBHA

Note: A few of the questions in this Pre-Test Paper will be asked in the Final Examination to be held on Sunday, 3 March 2019. In the Final Examination answers written on extra pages will not be considered valid. Without the prior permission of the Pariksha Karyalay in Ahmedabad, answer papers written by substitute writers in place of the original candidate will not be accepted. Answer papers with more than one type of handwriting will not be accepted. Answers crossed out will not be considered valid. Answers will not be considered valid if they are not written in legible handwriting. Use the latest editions of the exam books. Candidates will not be allowed to keep any electronic items, such as, mobile phones, tablets, laptops, etc. in the examination room.

SECTION 1: GHANSHYAM CHARITRA - 7th Edition, June 2015

Total Marks: 100

Q.1 In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. [9]

1. "He is only two-and-a-half months old."
2. "We insulted you and your father. Please forgive us."
3. "You will never win in a fight with him. So, give up your foolish resolve."

Q.2 Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. [4]

1. Who cooked food for the whole family as they were all breaking their fast?
2. Who were worried when the whole of the surrounding area was inundated with water?
3. Which river is there on the way to Ayodhya?
4. Whose sight did Ghanshyam restored?

Q.3 Rewrite the incorrect words shown below in relation to the sentence heading. [4]

Note: Marks will be awarded only if a completely correct sentence is written.

Otherwise no marks will be awarded.

Example: Monkeys Get A Sound Thrashing: Once Rampratap took some chapattis and yogurt on a plate and sat down to eat in the kitchen. A mischievous monkey came up with a lap, snatched some chapattis from Rampratap's plate and leapt back to a branch of the neem tree and sat there.

Ans: **Monkeys Get A Sound Thrashing:** Once Ghanshyam took some puris and yogurt on a plate and sat down to eat in the verandah. A mischievous monkey came up with a lap, snatched some puris from Ghanshyam's plate and leapt back to a branch of the tamarind tree and sat there.

1. **In which direction are the aspirants?:** His neighbours could not understand this talks of Ichchharam. One night, as usual, Ichchharam left his home in the middle of a game and climbed the neem tree.
2. **Ghanshyam leaves home:** When Dharmadev heard this, he thought, "Rampratap should be told off. If people started talking about him daily, our reputation in the city will risen."
3. **A New Set of Teeth:** To Rampratap she served the soft khichdi. Rampratap gave some khichdi to his younger brother, Ghanshyam. Then he ate just one or two morsels of khichdi, leaving the rest on the plate. Thereafter, Rampratap washed his hands.
4. **Birth of Ghanshyam:** The devas shower vermilion and chandan from the terrace. Seated in their heavenly planes, they fly in to have dershan on Rampratap's brother. Trumpets of victory are sounded all around.

Q.4 Write briefly five main points (in the form of sentences) on any ONE incident. (Continuous narration is not required.) [5]

1. Miracle Shown to Aunts.
2. Thieves in a Fix.

Q.5 From the given options, place a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct options. [8]

Note: One or more of the options may be correct. Full marks will be awarded only if all the correct options are chosen, otherwise no marks will be awarded.

1. Siddhis at His Service

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Vasantabai | (2) <input type="checkbox"/> There is no hurry. |
| (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Thirty delicious delicacies. | (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Eight Siddhis |

2. The Greedy Confectioner

- | |
|--|
| (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Ghanshyam told Bhaktimata, "I am very hungry. Quickly give me some food." |
| (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Ghanshyam insisted that he wanted to eat pendas. |
| (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Rampratapbhai slapped Ghanshyam. |
| (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Ghanshyam ate all the sweets. |

3. Fish Brought back to Life

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Narayan lake | (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Ghanshyam took the form of Yam Raja. |
| (3) <input type="checkbox"/> My pots are aching. | (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Showed him a vision of hell. |

4. Ghanshyam Is Given the Sacred Thread

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Ghanshyam was now six years old. | (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Harikrishna Upadhyay chose the auspicious day. |
| (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Brahata Street of Ayodhya was decorated. | (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Vashrambhai is Ghanshyam's maternal uncle |

Q.6 Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). [6]

1. King Gumansinh and Kunvarba bowed at Ghanshyam's feet.
2. Dharmadev suddenly stopped walking in the jungle.
3. Mohandas went into samadhi.

SECTION 2: YOGIJI MAHARAJ - 8th Edition, February 2014

Q.7 In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. [9]

1. "All should obey him implicitly."
2. "You should not fast today, so please eat."
3. "I will write to you."

Q.8 Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. [4]

1. For how many months did Yogiji Maharaj give satsang joy to the devotees on his third overseas tour?
2. What Jinabhai used to do while his friends and other children played games?
3. What did Nirgundas Swami say to Yogiji Maharaj after hearing his prayer?
4. Whose disciples were Krishnaji Ada and Pujaji Bapu?

Q.9 Select the SIX correct sentences from below and write them in the correct story sequence in the boxes. [6]

Topic: First meeting

1. Krishnaji Ada informed Shastriji Maharaj that some sadhus had come for darshan. 2. Jina Bhagat heard this news. 3. Shastriji Maharaj went to the mandir in which the sadhus were waiting to give darshan. 4. Jina Bhagat felt a strong desire to have the darshan of Shastriji Maharaj. 5. Jina Bhagat and the other sadhus presented to Shastriji Maharaj a pagh and a tumbdi, which had been used by Gunatitanand Swami. 6. Jina Bhagat mentally accepted Shastriji Maharaj as his guru. 7. On Shravan sud 7, V. S. 1967, Jina Bhagat met Shastriji Maharaj for the first time. 8. Krishnacharandas Swami went to Rajkot with a group of sadhus. 9. Under the pretext of going for a bath in the Aji River, Jina Bhagat and three other sadhus went to Jadavjibhai's house. 10. Shastriji Maharaj, too, looked at Jina Bhagat with much affection. 11. Jina Bhagat could not take his eyes off Krishnaji Ada and looked at him with great reverence. 12. Shastriji Maharaj stayed at the house of Krishnaji Ada.

(1) Write the correct sentence numbers

(2) Correct sequence of sentences

Note: (1) 3 marks will be awarded for the correct sentence numbers only if all the six sentence numbers are correct and (2) 3 marks will be awarded only if all the sequence of sentence numbers are correct. Otherwise no marks will be given.

Q.10 Write short notes on any ONE of the following (in 15 lines). [5]

1. The Desireless Sadhu.
2. Birth of Jinabhai.

Q.11 Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). [6]

1. Shastriji Maharaj is always manifest in the Satsang.
2. The inspector dismissed the headmaster.
3. Yogiji Maharaj always insisted to attend the weekly youth or satsang assembly.

SECTION 3: KISHORE SATSANG PRARAMBHA - 8th Edition, May 2015

Q.12 Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. [4]

1. What did Atmanand Swami say while blessing Bholanath?
2. What did Ghanshyam do after the death of his parents?
3. Which mandirs were constructed by Shastriji Maharaj?
4. What did Jodho protest to take from Maharaj?

Q.13 Fill in the blanks. [4]

1. To purify our mind we should attend the, assembly.
2. Sahajanand Swami is the Supreme Lord of and
3. A Satsangi children do not keep the company of bad children who have a habit of Or
4. After, ask God and guru to their presence.

Q.14 From the given options, place a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct options. [8]

Note: One or more of the options may be correct. Full marks will be awarded only if all the correct options are chosen, otherwise no marks will be awarded.

1. Ketlakne man remade chhe.

(1) ☐ There was a boy of the Koli caste in Gadhada. (2) ☐ Growing wheat in his orchard.

(3) ☐ Brought the wheat bran. (4) ☐ The Bania came with a cartful of bran.

2. Gangama

(1) ☐ First he went to the house of Gangama.

(2) ☐ Atmanand Swami was the guru of Sahajahand Swami.

(3) ☐ I was just a drum beater.

(4) ☐ A Baniya woman named Gangama.

3. Brave Bhaguji

(1) ☐ He was lightly wounded.

(2) ☐ Even though he was short he was very brave.

(3) ☐ There were fifteen wounds.

(4) ☐ Mataro ran for his life.

4. Nath Bhakta

(1) ☐ He turned back from the river Mahi

(2) ☐ Distributed dry dates when the son died.

(3) ☐ He was a Kachhiya Patel by caste.

(4) ☐ Maharaj came in his divine chariot to carry the great soul of the wife.


Q.15 Complete the following. [8]

1. Beso Melya Keri no gholi.
2. Purushottam pragat nu kari sidhi.
3. Ame a yagna shano chhe.
4. Je chhe Akshardham divya sada Gunatitanandne.

Q.16 "Swaminarayan namna mantra....." - Complete the Swamini Vat and write an explanatory note on it. (In 15 lines.) [5]

Q.17 'Gifts from God' - Write five brief sentences on the main points of this incident (Continuous narration is not required). [5]

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 **Important Note:** Past Papers of main exam and their solutions can be downloaded and printed free from the BAPS Swaminarayan Sanstha's website - link : <http://www.baps.org/Satsang-Exams.aspx>