BOCHASANWASI SHRI AKSHARPURUSHOTTAM SWAMINARAYAN SANSTHA SATSANG SHIKSHAN PARIKSHA

SATSANG PRAVIN PAPER-1

Date: 19th July 1998

Time : 9 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. **TOTAL MARKS : 100**

Note : Figures to the right indicate the marks for that question.

SECTION-1

(AKSHAR PURUSHOTTAM UPASANA)

Q.1. For any <u>TWO</u> of the following, give <u>THREE</u> references from the scriptures for each.

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- 1. Shriji Maharaj: The Supreme : In the words of the Paramhansas.
- 2. God with Form as well as Immanent.
- 3. The importance of devotion to the Pragat form of God.
- 4. Aksharbrahman: One and Unique.

Q.2. Narrate any <u>TWO</u> of the following, and highlight the significance of each. (12 lines each)

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- 1. Vagha Khachar felt the removal of all sensual cravings.
- 2. Ramanand Swami rebuked Lalji Suthar.
- 3. Shreeji Maharaj asked,"Why do call me God?"
- 4. A heavy load of eighteen quilts.

Q.3. Explain any <u>TWO</u> of the following (12 lines each).

- 1. Shreeji Maharaj The supreme : In His own words.
- 2. The need for becoming Brahmarup.

- 3. Characteristics of the Gunatit Saint.
- 4. Necessity of understanding divyabhav.

Q.4. Give reasons for any \underline{TWO} of the following .

(12 lines each)

- 1. Those that follow the Aksharpurushottam Upasana are in their proper Sthan and are not excommunicated.
- 2. Muktanand Swami did not tour the villages.
- 3. Upasana is absolutely essential in attaining Ultimate Salvation.
- 4. God should be known as the All-Doer (Karta).
- Q.5. Upasana : What not to understand.
- Q.6. "Swaminarayan" is one word. Is it etymologically possible totake it to mean Swami and Narayan ?5
- Q.7. Explain in detail any <u>ONE</u> of the following.
 - 1. Shriji Maharaj's liking for Sakar.
 - 2. The Sakar form of Aksharbrahman.
 - 3. Above all, but regard for all.

SECTION - 2

(SATSANG READER-PART III & IDOL OF INSPIRATION

PRAMUKH SWAMI MAHARAJ)

Q.8. For any <u>TWO</u> of the following, state who is speaking to whom and when the words were spoken.

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- 1. "Now I'll no longer be able to talk about detachment and renunciation."
- 2. "Cocks and children of farmers never starve."
- 3. "What if I transform you so that no one would recognise you ?"
- 4. "Is there anything left over today ? Today, I am also hungry."

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- Q.9. Answer concisely any \underline{TWO} of the following .
 - (12 lines each)

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- 1. Muktanand Swami composed the Kirtan : "Brahmana bhangi re Haiyani"
- 2. Gopalanand Swami Installed the Idol of Hanumanji.
- 3. Nishkulanand Swami went away to Gadhali.
- 4. Manbha of Mengani becomes a true satsangi.

Q.10. Answer concisely any \underline{TWO} of the following .

(12 lines each)

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- 1. Shivlal Sheth's restraint of his senses.
- 2. Kushalkunvarba's loving devotion.
- 3. A humble servant of God : Pramukh Swami Maharaj.
- 4. Raghuvirji Maharaj's eagerness for Gunatitanand Swami's company.

Q.11. Answer all of the following, using only one sentence

for each.

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- 1. In her eagerness for darshan, what question did Kushalkunvarba ask Shreeji Maharaj ?
- 2. Which scripture did Raghuvirji Maharaj instruct Achintyanand Brahmachari to compose ?
- 3. Why did Parvatbhai take a vow to abstain from 'Khatras' ?
- 4. When and where was Shastri Narayan Swaroopdas appointed as administrative president ?
- 5. When Gopalanand Swami was about to depart to dham, what recommendation did he make to Shivlal Sheth ?
- 6. Who wrote the Kirtan : "Anup santane aapu upama....... " ?

Q.12. Briefly narrate any \underline{ONE} of the following and bring

out its moral. (in 12 lines)

- 1. "Don't touch it. It smells of ghee."
- 2. "Gopalanand Swami prevented the eclipse."
- 3. On receiving news in Atladra, Pramukh Swami Maharaj went to Sarangpur.

SECTION - 3

(ESSAY)

Q.13. Write an essay on <u>ONE</u> of the following

(in 60 lines).

- 20
- 1. Kathavarta : (Discourses) The Matchless Pillar of Satsang.
- 2. Pramukh Swami Maharaj An Ideal Saint.
- 3. Televison and Ghar Sabha Curse and Blessing.

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